

# Kafka works:

#### Reducing red tape in Belgium

Electronic Billing: functioning and advantages – CERTIPOST Brussels, 20 June 2006

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#### Agenda

- I. Kafka: a unique approach to reducing red tape
- II. Kafka works: facts and figures
- III. Case: VAT directive in practice
- IV. Conclusion



# I. Kafka: a unique approach to reducing red tape in Belgium





## Unique approach to reducing red tape

- Better regulation hot issue on the political agenda everywhere
  - EU Commission decision to repeal 68 pending legislative initiatives (incl. Directive on uniform opening hours)
- However, approach usually theoretical, vague and formal
  - Often only formal adaptation of legislation (codification & coordination)
  - Too much focus on general reports, analyses
  - Unclear political responsibility



## Unique approach to reducing red tape

- Belgium opted for a different approach:
  - 12 reform projects in Belgian Coalition agreement July 2003: focus on tangible simplifications for citizens and entrepreneurs
  - Appointment of a full-time political decision-maker





#### **Cutting red tape in practice**

#### KAFKA = THE SOLUTION

#### Kafka contact point:

in touch with day-to-day problems via the website <u>www.kafka.be</u> (> 15000 suggestions)

#### Kafka measuring model:

exact calculation of benefit of reform and cost of proposed new regulation

#### Kafka test: screen and simplify new regulations

**Result** = sustainable + in-depth regulatory reforms









#### In 2003:

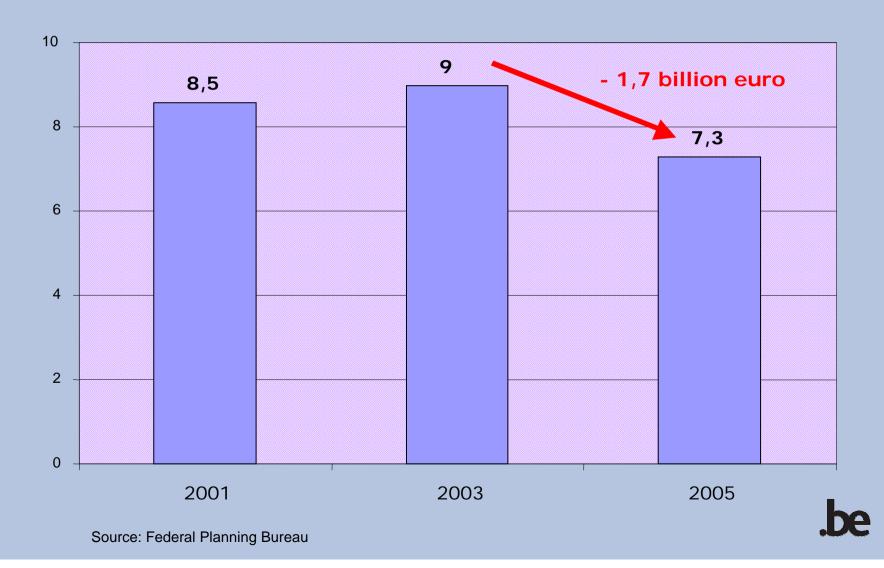
- 9 billion euro (3,4% GDP) of administrative costs for companies
  - Over 40% of these costs are directly related to EU regulation

In 2005:

- 2 years of action against red tape:
  - Administrative burden for businesses reduced by 25%, a reduction of 1.7 billion euro between 2002 and 2004
  - Administrative burden in Belgium now lower than in the Netherlands and in the United States
  - Regulatory reforms have boosted entrepreneurship: +20% start ups between 2003 and 2005



Administrative burden in billion euro





- Execution Kafka plan:
  - 2/3 of Coalition agreement executed beginning of 2006 (8 out of 12 Works), including:
    - Work VIII: elimination of certification notes for federal public procurement
    - Work X: single identification number for enterprises (thanks to the Crossroads Bank for Enterprises)
  - In addition, nearly 140 tangible simplifications carried through, including:
    - Electronic identity card and unique identification number
    - introduction Dimona and DMFA (thanks to the Crossroads Bank for Social Security )
    - number of days to start up a business reduced from 56 to 26
    - elimination of paper accounting books
    - simplification publication of notice to shareholders' meeting



- Top 3 cost reducers:
  - elimination of paper accounting books
  - simplification of notice to shareholders' meeting
  - e-invoicing
- Potentially most important (administrative) cost reducer is e-invoicing:
  - If every invoice is handled electronically = cost reduction of 3.051.516.507 euro

Cost per paper invoice	Cost per e-invoice
4 euro	1 euro

 Therefore: government must take measures to encourage and promote e-invoicing





# III. Case: VAT directive and Belgian practice





### **Case: VAT directive and Belgian practice**

- Europe:
  - Directive of 20 December 2001
    - Goal:
      - Harmonise, modernise and simplify legislation relating to invoicing and VAT
      - Reducing (administrative) costs relating to processing and archiving of invoices of up to 75%
    - Flexible framework regarding format
      - EDI (Electronic Data Interchange)
      - Electronic signature
      - Or: third way (agreement among companies)
    - But: authenticity and integrity of procedures must be guaranteed





## **Case: VAT directive and Belgian practice**

- Belgium:
  - Originally certain hurdles were introduced in 2004
    - Third way needs to be approved by Minister of Finance;
    - Restrictions on self-billing;
    - Prohibition to scan and store invoices electronically;
    - Restrictions related to storing invoices outside EU;
    - Storage period of 10 years whilst prescription period of 7 years
  - Domestic "add-ons" (goldplating) reduce the effects of harmonisation and increase costs for Belgian companies and multinationals with Belgian activities





## **Case: VAT directive and Belgian practice**

- We have introduced certain amendments to lower administrative costs (in effect as of 2006):
  - Authorization for companies to scan and store original paper invoices electronically
    - Especially important for smaller companies
    - Reduction of overall cost of EUR 0.78 per invoice
  - Reduction of storage period from 10 to 7 years
- In addition, a circular is in preparation by the Finance Federal Public Service
  - Aimed at creating legal security for companies and third party providers of authentification services
  - Specifying generic conditions for 'third way' e-invoicing mechanisms



## **IV.** Conclusion





#### Conclusion

- E-billing has the greatest potential (administrative) cost reduction for businesses and government should actively promote its adoption:
  - Reduction of storage period
  - Authorization to scan and store digitally
  - No exclusion of new and innovative "third way" electronic invoicing
  - If needed, create legal security through concise and transparent government circulars
- Lessons learnt from VAT Directive-case:
- Success factors for transposition of EU directives to Belgian law
  - No gold plating
    - Efficient and effective conversion
  - No 'adding on' by local government agencies
  - Using Kafka-test before introducing new regulation or transposing EU Directives